Advanced Biology

Curriculum Guide

Dunmore School District

Dunmore, PA



Advanced Biology

Prerequisite:

• 10th Grade Biology K or 10th Grade Honors Biology K

This course seeks to prepare young men and women for careers in the Health Fields. It is an intense curriculum which exposes the student to detailed anatomy and the intricacies of the physiological mechanisms that occur within the framework of the human body.

Year-at-a-glance

Subject: Advanced BiologyGrade Level: 11th and 12thDate Completed: 3/12	2/2018
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1st Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Anchors/Standards
The Human Body: An Orientation	Approved Textbook	BIO.A.1.1.1
	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO.A.1.2.1
	Worksheets	BIO.A.1.2.2
Basic Chemistry	Approved Textbook	BIO.A.2.1.1
	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO.A.2.2.1
	Worksheets	BIO.A.2.2.2
	Labs	BIO.A.2.2.3
		BIO.A.2.3.1
		BIO.A.2.3.2

2nd Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Anchors/Standards
Part I Cells	Approved Textbook	BIO.A.1.1.1
	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO.A.1.2.1
	Worksheets	BIO.A.1.2.2
	Labs	BIO.A.4.1.1
		BIO.A.4.1.2
		BIO.A.4.1.3
		BIO.A.4.2.1
Part II Tissues	Approved Textbook	BIO.A.1.2.2
	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO.A.4.1.1
	Worksheets	BIO.A.4.1.2
	Labs	BIO.A.4.1.3
		BIO.A.4.2.1

3rd Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Anchors/Standards
Skin and Body Membranes	Approved Textbook	BIO.A.1.2.2
	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO.A.4.1.1
	Worksheets	BIO.A.4.1.2
	Labs	BIO.A.4.1.3
		BIO.A.4.2.1
The Skeletal System	Approved Textbook	BIO.A.1.2.2
	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO.A.4.1.1
	Worksheets	BIO.A.4.1.2
	Labs	BIO.A.4.1.3
		BIO.A.4.2.1

4th Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Anchors/Standards
Shark Dissection	Shark Lab Manual	BIO.A.1.2.2
		BIO.A.2.1.1
		BIO.A.2.2.1
		BIO.A.2.2.2
		BIO.A.2.2.3
		BIO.A.2.3.1
		BIO.A.2.3.2
		BIO.A.3.1.1
		BIO.A.3.2.1
		BIO.A.3.2.2
		BIO.A.4.1.1
		BIO.A.4.1.2
		BIO.A.4.1.3
		BIO.A.4.2.1
Cat Dissection	Cat Lab Manual	BIO.A.1.2.2
(and final test)		BIO.A.2.1.1
		BIO.A.2.2.1
		BIO.A.2.2.2
		BIO.A.2.2.3
		BIO.A.2.3.1
		BIO.A.2.3.2
		BIO.A.3.1.1
		BIO.A.3.2.1
		BIO.A.3.2.2
		BIO.A.4.1.1
		BIO.A.4.1.2
		BIO.A.4.1.3
		BIO.A.4.2.1

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor PA Academic and Core Standards	Eligible Content, Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time (In Days)
The Human Body:	PA Academic	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared tests	17 Days
An Orientation	Standards/Anchors: Science BIO.A.1.1.1 Describe the characteristics of life shared by all prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms. BIO.A.1.2.1 Compare cellular structures and their functions in	Define anatomy and physiology, and name several sub disciplines of these sciences. Describe the levels of structural organization that make up the human body.	Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology Chapter 1 The Human Body	Quizzes Worksheets	
	prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. BIO.A.1.2.2 Describe and interpret relationships between structure and function at various levels of biological organization (i.e., organelles, cells, tissues, organs, organ systems, and multicellular organisms).	List the eleven systems of the human body, the organs present in each, and their general functions. Define the important life processes of the human body.			
	PA Core Standards: Reading for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12 3.5 Reading Informational Text Students read, understand, and respond to informational text- with emphasis on comprehension,	Define homeostasis and explain its relationship to interstitial fluid. Describe the components of a feedback system. Contrast the operation of negative and positive			

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making connections among ideas	feedback systems.		
and between texts with focus on			
textual evidence.	Explain why homeostatic		
	imbalances cause disorders.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for			
Science and Technical Subjects,	Describe the orientation of		
6-12	the body in the anatomical		
3.6 Writing	position.		
Students write for different			
purposes and audiences.	Define each directional term		
Students write clear and focused	used to describe the human		
text to convey a well-defined			
perspective and appropriate	body.		
content.	Relate the common names to		
	the corresponding		
	anatomical descriptive terms		
	for various regions of the		
	human body.		
	Define the anatomical planes		
	and sections used to describe		
	the human body.		
	Describe the major body		
	cavities, the organs they		
	contain, and their associated		
	linings.		
	Name and describe the nine		
	abdominopelvic regions and		
	the four abdominopelvic		
	quadrants.		
	Describe the principles and		
	importance of medical		

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imaging procedures in the		
evaluation of organ functions		
and diagnosis of disease.		
Vocabulary:		
Superficial		
Superior		
Inferior		
Anterior(ventral)		
Posterior(dorsal)		
Medial		
Lateral		
Deep		
Homeostasis		
Sagittal		
Transverse		
Frontal		
Proximal		
Distal		
Ventral		
Dorsal		
Caudal		
Patellar		
Cephalic		
Thoracic		
Axillary		
Occipital		
Brachial		
Tarsal		
Digital Darditaal		
Popliteal		
Plantar		
Sural		

	lliac Gastric Pelvic		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor PA Academic and Core Standards	Eligible Content, Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time (In Days)
Basic Chemistry	 PA Academic Standards/Anchors: Science BIO.A.2.1.1 Describe the unique properties of water and how these properties support life on Earth (e.g., freezing point, high specific heat, cohesion). BIO.A.2.2.1 Explain how carbon is uniquely suited to form biological macromolecules. BIO.A.2.2.2 Describe how biological macromolecules form from monomers. BIO.A.2.2.3 Compare the structure and function of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and nucleic acids in organisms. BIO.A.2.3.1 Describe the role of an enzyme as a catalyst in regulating a specific biochemical reaction. 	Essential Knowledge/Skills: Nature of matter: • List important properties of matter • Define the phases of matter • Identify and define the components of the atom • Utilize the periodic table Chemical compounds: • Distinguish organic from inorganic compounds • Identify the four key elements of living things • Identify the four groups of organic compounds Nucleic acids: DNA • Define DNA • Define DNA • Describe the genetic code • Describe in steps the replication cycle of DNA RNA • Define RNA • Define RNA • Describe its part in DNA replication	Approved textbook Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology Chapter 2 Basic Chemistry	Teacher prepared test Quizzes Worksheets	s 20 Days

such as pH, t concentratio enzyme funct PA Core Star Reading for S Technical Su 3.5 Reading In Students read respond to in with emphasi making conne and between textual evider PA Core Star Science and 6-12 3.6 Writing Students writ purposes and Students writ	temperature, and on levels can affect trion. Indards: Science and bjects, 6-12 Informational Text d, understand, and iformational text- is on comprehension, ections among ideas texts with focus on nce. Indards: Writing for Technical Subjects , te for different	Protein synthesis: • Use the codons produced to define the proteins synthesized Vocabulary: Nucleic acid Macromolecule Lipid Steroid Adenosine triphosphate Carbohydrate Polysaccharide Hydrolysis Dehydration synthesis Metabolism Enzymes Saturated Unsaturated			
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General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Cells	PA Academic	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared	24 Days
	Standards/Anchors: Science	Cell structure and function	Essentials of Human	tests	
	BIO.A.1.1.1 Describe the		Anatomy and	Quizzes	
	characteristics of life shared by	Cell structure	Physiology	Worksheets	
	all prokaryotic and eukaryotic	 Diagram and describe the 	Chapter 3 Cells and	Labs	
	organisms.	cell	Tissues		
		 Diagram and describe the 			
	BIO.A.1.2.1 Compare cellular	membrane			
	structures and their functions in	 Diagram and describe each 			
	prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.	organelle			
	BIO.A.1.2.2 Describe and	Movement and the cell			
	interpret relationships between	membrane			
	structure and function at various	 Describe diffusion 			
	levels of biological organization	 Describe permeability 			
	(i.e., organelles, cells, tissues,	 Describe osmosis 			
	organs, organ systems, and	 Describe facilitated 			
	multicellular organisms).	diffusion			
		 Describe active transport 			
	BIO.A.4.1.1 Describe how the	 Identify the areas of the 			
	structure of the plasma	body that each of these			
	membrane allows it to function	would occur			
	as a regulatory structure and/or	 Cell specialization 			
	protective barrier for a cell.	 Define cell specialization 			
	BIO.A.4.1.2 Compare the				
	mechanisms that transport	Vocabulary:			
	materials across the plasma	Cell			
	membrane (i.e., passive	Organelle			

transport—diffusion, osmosis,	Nucleus		
facilitated diffusion; and active	Selectively Permeable		
transport—pumps, endocytosis,	Diffusion		
exocytosis)	Osmosis		
	Facilitated diffusion		
BIO.A.4.1.3 Describe how	Active Transport		
membrane-bound cellular	Passive Transport		
organelles (e.g., endoplasmic	Solute Pumping		
reticulum, Golgi apparatus)	Exocytosis		
facilitate the transport of	Endocytosis		
materials within a cell.	Phagocytosis		
	Pinocytosis		
BIO.A.4.2.1 Explain how	Hypertonic		
organisms maintain homeostasis	Hypotonic		
(e.g., thermoregulation, water	Isotonic		
regulation, oxygen regulation)	DNA		
	RNA		
	mRNA		
PA Core Standards:	tRNA		
Reading for Science and	rRNA		
Technical Subjects, 6-12	DNA Replication		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	Mitosis		
Students read, understand, and	Protein Synthesis		
respond to informational text-			
with emphasis on comprehension, making connections among ideas			
and between texts with focus on			
textual evidence.			
PA Core Standards: Writing for			
Science and Technical Subjects,			
6-12			
3.6 Writing			
Students write for different			
purposes and audiences.			

Students write clear and focused		
text to convey a well-defined		
perspective and appropriate		
content.		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary			Time (In Days)
Tissues	StandardsPA AcademicStandards/Anchors: ScienceBIO.A.1.2.2 Describe andinterpret relationshipsbetween structure andfunction at various levels ofbiological organization (i.e.,organelles, cells, tissues,organs, organ systems, andmulticellular organisms).BIO.A.4.1.1 Describe how thestructure of the plasmamembrane allows it tofunction as a regulatorystructure and/or protectivebarrier for a cell.BIO.A.4.1.2 Compare the	Skills & Vocabulary Essential Knowledge/Skills: Name the four basic types of tissues that make up the human body and describe the characteristics of each. Describe the general features of epithelial tissues. For each different type of epithelium, list its location, structure and function. Describe the general features of connective tissue. Describe the structure, location, and function of the various types of connective tissues.	Approved textbook Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology Chapter 3 Cells and Tissues	Teacher prepared tests Quizzes Worksheets Labs	(In Days) 18 Days
	mechanisms that transport materials across the plasma membrane (i.e., passive transport—diffusion, osmosis, facilitated diffusion;	Define a membrane. Describe the classification of membranes.			
	and active transport—pumps, endocytosis, exocytosis). BIO.A.4.1.3 Describe how	Describe the structural features and functions of nervous tissue.			

membrane-bound cellular organelles (e.g., endoplasmic	Describe the role of tissue repair in restoring		
organelles (e.g., endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus) facilitate the transport of materials within a cell. BIO.A.4.2.1 Explain how organisms maintain homeostasis (e.g., thermoregulation, water regulation, oxygen regulation).	homeostasis. Vocabulary: Epithelial Connective Muscle tissue Nervous tissue Stratified		
	Cuboidal Columnar Transitional Pseudostratified Squamous Areolar Adipose		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core	Essential Knowledge,			Time
	Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Skin and Body	PA Academic	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared	22 Days
Membranes	Standards/Anchors: Science	Describe the layers of the	Essentials of Human	tests	
	BIO.A.1.2.2 Describe and	epidermis and the cells that	Anatomy and	Quizzes	
	interpret relationships between	compose them.	Physiology	Worksheets	
	structure and function at various		Chapter 4 Skin and	Labs	
	levels of biological organization	Compare the composition of	Body Membranes		
	(i.e., organelles, cells, tissues,	the papillary and reticular			
	organs, organ systems, and	regions of the dermis.			
	multicellular organisms).				
		Explain the basis for different			
	BIO.A.4.1.1 Describe how the	skin colors.			
	structure of the plasma				
	membrane allows it to function	Contrast the structure,			
	as a regulatory structure and/or	distribution, and functions of			
	protective barrier for a cell.	hair, skin, glands, and nails.			
	BIO.A.4.1.2 Compare the	Describe how the skin			
	mechanisms that transport	contributes to regulation of			
	materials across the plasma	body temperature,			
	membrane (i.e., passive	protection, sensation,			
	transport—diffusion, osmosis,	excretion and absorption,			
	facilitated diffusion; and active	and synthesis of vitamin D.			
	transport—pumps, endocytosis,				
	exocytosis).	Explain how epidermal			
		wounds and deep wounds			
	BIO.A.4.1.3 Describe how	heal.			
	membrane-bound cellular				
	organelles (e.g., endoplasmic	Vocabulary:			
	reticulum, Golgi apparatus)	Cutaneous			
	facilitate the transport of	Mucous			
	materials within a cell.	Serous			

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Peritoneum			
Pleura			
Pericardium			
Epidermis			
Dermis			
Hypodermis			
Melanin			
Sebaceous			
Keratin			
	Pericardium Epidermis Dermis Hypodermis Melanin Sebaceous	Pleura Pericardium Epidermis Dermis Hypodermis Melanin Sebaceous	PleuraPericardiumEpidermisDermisHypodermisMelaninSebaceous

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core	Essential Knowledge,			Time
	Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
The Skeletal	PA Academic	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared	35 Days
System	Standards/Anchors: Science	Diagram and describe the	Essentials of Human	tests	
	BIO.A.1.2.2 Describe and	chief anatomical structures	Anatomy and	Quizzes	
	interpret relationships between	on a cellular level and gross	Physiology	Worksheets	
	structure and function at various	level for point of reference.	Chapter 5 The Skeletal		
	levels of biological organization		System		
	(i.e., organelles, cells, tissues,	Describe the blood and nerve			
	organs, organ systems, and multicellular organisms).	supply of bone.			
		Describe the steps of			
	BIO.A.4.1.1 Describe how the	intramembranous and			
	structure of the plasma	endochondral ossification.			
	membrane allows it to function				
	as a regulatory structure and/or	Describe how bone grows in			
	protective barrier for a cell.	length and thickness.			
	BIO.A.4.1.2 Compare the	Explain the role of nutrients			
	mechanisms that transport	and hormones in regulating			
	materials across the plasma membrane (i.e., passive	bone growth.			
	transport—diffusion, osmosis,	Describe the processes			
	facilitated diffusion; and active transport—pumps, endocytosis,	involved in bone remodeling.			
	exocytosis).	Describe the sequence of			
		events in repair of a fracture.			
	BIO.A.4.1.3 Describe how				
	membrane-bound cellular	Describe the role of bone in			
	organelles (e.g., endoplasmic	calcium homeostasis.			
	reticulum, Golgi apparatus)				
	facilitate the transport of	Describe diseases and			
	materials within a cell.	disorders that affect this			

system			
Diagram and describe the			
chief anatomical structures.			
Identify the bones of the			
upper limb and their principal			
markings.			
Identify the bones of the			
lower limb and their principal			
markings.			
Describe the structural and			
functional classifications of			
joints.			
Explain the effects of aging			
on joints.			
Explain the physiology of the			
Describe diseases and			
disorders that affect this			
system.			
Vocabulary:			
Diaphysis			
Epiphyses			
Metaphysis			
Epiphyseal plate			
Epiphyseal line			
	 chief anatomical structures. Identify the bones of the upper limb and their principal markings. Identify the bones of the lower limb and their principal markings. Describe the structural and functional classifications of joints. Explain the effects of aging on joints. Explain the physiology of the system. Describe diseases and disorders that affect this system. Vocabulary: Diaphysis Epiphyses Metaphysis Epiphyseal plate 	Diagram and describe the chief anatomical structures.Identify the bones of the upper limb and their principal markings.Identify the bones of the lower limb and their principal markings.Describe the structural and functional classifications of joints.Explain the effects of aging on joints.Explain the physiology of the system.Describe diseases and disorders that affect this system.Vocabulary: Diaphysis Epiphyses Metaphysis Epiphyseal plate	Diagram and describe the chief anatomical structures. Identify the bones of the upper limb and their principal markings. Identify the bones of the lower limb and their principal markings. Describe the structural and functional classifications of joints. Explain the effects of aging on joints. Explain the physiology of the system. Describe diseases and disorders that affect this system. Diaphysis Epiphyses Metaphysis Epiphyseal plate

Articular cartilage
Periosteum
Osteogenic cells
Osteoblasts
Osteocytes
Osteoclasts
Haversian System
Axial
Appendicular
Tarsal
Patella
Femur
Girdle
Scapula
Clavicle
Maxilla
Mandible
Radius
Ulna
Carpals
Sacrum
Parietal
Occipital
Tibia
Fibula
Phalanges
Marrow
Ossification

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core	Essential Knowledge,			Time
	Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Shark Dissection	PA Academic	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Approved Shark Lab	Lab Practical	20 Days
	Standards/Anchors: Science	External Anatomy	Manual	Examination	
	BIO.A.1.2.2 Describe and	Muscular System			
	interpret relationships between	Digestive System			
	structure and function at variousRespiratory Systemlevels of biological organizationCirculatory System				
	(i.e., organelles, cells, tissues,	Urogenital System			
	organs, organ systems, and	Nervous System			
	multicellular organisms).				
	BIO.A.2.2.2 Describe how	Vocabulary: Refer to Manual			
	biological macromolecules form	https://www.pc.maricopa.ed			
	from monomers.	u/Biology/ppepe/BIO145/lab 04.html			
	BIO.A.4.2.1 1 Explain how				
	organisms maintain homeostasis				
	(e.g., thermoregulation, water				
	regulation, oxygen regulation).				
	PA Core Standards:				
	Reading for Science and				
	Technical Subjects, 6-12				
	3.5 Reading Informational Text				
	Students read, understand, and				
	respond to informational text-				
	with emphasis on				
	comprehension, making				
	connections among ideas and				
	between texts with focus on				
	textual evidence.				

PA Core Standards: Writing for	
Science and Technical Subjects,	
6-12	
3.6 Writing	
Students write for different	
purposes and audiences.	
Students write clear and focused	
text to convey a well-defined	
perspective and appropriate	
content.	

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core	Essential Knowledge,			Time
	Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Cat Dissection	PA Academic	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Approved Cat Lab	Lab Practical	24 Days
(and final test)	Standards/Anchors: Science	External Anatomy	Manual	Examination	
	BIO.A.1.2.2 Describe and	Muscular System			
	interpret relationships between	Digestive System			
	structure and function at various	Respiratory System			
	levels of biological organization	Circulatory System			
	(i.e., organelles, cells, tissues,	Urogenital System			
	organs, organ systems, and	Nervous System			
	multicellular organisms).				
	BIO.A.2.2.2 Describe how	Vocabulary: Refer to Manual			
	biological macromolecules form	http://cf.edliostatic.com/jLs7			
	from monomers.	OJpWlYiLUgClb7NosYNtadxu			
		ApvD.pdf			
	BIO.A.4.2.1 1 Explain how				
	organisms maintain homeostasis				
	(e.g., thermoregulation, water				
	regulation, oxygen regulation).				
	PA Core Standards:				
	Reading for Science and				
	Technical Subjects, 6-12				
	3.5 Reading Informational Text				
	Students read, understand, and				
	respond to informational text-				
	with emphasis on				
	comprehension, making				
	connections among ideas and				
	between texts with focus on				
	textual evidence.				

PA Core Standards: Writing for	
Science and Technical Subjects,	
6-12	
3.6 Writing	
Students write for different	
purposes and audiences.	
Students write clear and focused	
text to convey a well-defined	
perspective and appropriate	
content.	

PA Core Standards:

Reading for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12

3.5 Reading Informational Text

Students read, understand, and respond to informational text-with emphasis on comprehension, making connections among ideas and between texts with focus on textual evidence.

Grades 6-8

CC.3.5.6-8.A. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.

CC.3.5.6-8.B.

Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

CC.3.5.6-8.C.

Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

CC.3.5.6-8.D.

Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.

CC.3.5.6-8.E.

Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

CC.3.5.6-8.F.

Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.

CC.3.5.6-8.G.

Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

CC.3.5.6-8.H.

Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.

CC.3.5.6-8.I.

Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

CC.3.5.6-8.J.

By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Grades 9-10

CC.3.5.9-10.A.

Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.

CC.3.5.9-10.B.

Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text.

CC.3.5.9-10.C.

Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.

CC.3.5.9-10.D.

Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.

CC.3.5.9-10.E.

Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force, energy).

CC.3.5.9-10.F.

Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the author seeks to address.

CC.3.5.9-10.G.

Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

CC.3.5.9-10.H.

Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.

CC.3.5.9-10.I.

Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.

CC.3.5.9-10.J.

By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Grades 11-12

CC.3.5.11-12.A.

Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.

CC.3.5.11-12.B.

Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.

CC.3.5.11-12.C.

Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.

CC.3.5.11-12.D.

Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.

CC.3.5.11-12.E.

Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.

CC.3.5.11-12.F.

Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, identifying important issues that remain unresolved.

CC.3.5.11-12.G.

Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.

CC.3.5.11-12.H.

Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.

CC.3.5.11-12.I.

Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.

CC.3.5.11-12.J.

By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 11–12 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

PA Core Standards:

Writing for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12

3.6 Writing

Students write for different purposes and audiences. Students write clear and focused text to convey a well-defined perspective and appropriate content.

Grades 6-8

CC.3.6.6-8.A.

Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.

- Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Establish and maintain a formal style.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

CC.3.6.6-8.B. *

Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

- Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

CC.3.6.6-8.C.

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CC.3.6.6-8.D.

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

CC.3.6.6-8.E.

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

CC.3.6.6-8.F.

Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

CC.3.6.6-8.G.

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

CC.3.6.6-8.H.

Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.

CC.3.6.6-8.J.I.

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Grades 9-10

CC.3.6.9-10.A.

Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.

- Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

- Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.

CC.3.6.9-10B. *

Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

- Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
- Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

CC.3.6.9-10.C.

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CC.3.6.9-10.D.

Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience

CC.3.6.9-10.E.

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

CC.3.6.9-10.F.

Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a selfgenerated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

CC.3.6.9-10.G.

Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

CC.3.6.9-10.H.

Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

CC.3.6.9-10.I.

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Grades 11-12

CC.3.6.11-12.A.

Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.

- Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.

CC.3.6.11-12. B *Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

- Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

- Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic; convey a knowledgeable stance in a style that responds to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation provided (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic)

CC.3.6.11-12.C.

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CC.3.6.11-12.D.

Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

CC.3.6.11-12.E.

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

CC.3.6.11-12.F.

Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

CC.3.6.11-12.G.

Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

CC.3.6.11-12.H.

Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

CC.3.6.11-12.I.

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.