Science 8

Curriculum Guide

Dunmore School District

Dunmore, PA



Science 8

Prerequisite:

Successful completion of Science 7

Course Description:

The students in Science 8 will be introduced to fundamental concepts in chemistry and physics. Chemistry and physics are math-based sciences therefore, Science 8 students are required to use formulas and solve basic equations. The first half of the year involves studying matter, including elements and compound, and their bonding characteristics. Also, an in depth study of the periodic table. During the second half of the year, the physical world is studied including motion, forces, energy, work, and simple machines. Throughout the year, laboratory activities and demonstrations are used. These allow students to improve their knowledge of the components of experiments, while developing critical thinking and scientific reasoning.

Special Education:

After a student has been evaluated and found to be eligible for specially designed instruction under one of the 13 disability categories, an individualized education plan will be developed to help the student succeed through a more intense intervention program. Special Education is the practice of educating students in a way that addresses their individual differences and needs. The purpose of special education is to provide equal access to education for children ages birth through 21 by providing specialized services that will lead to school success in general education. Our goal for each student is for him/her to be educated in his/her least restrictive environment with additional supports by way of specially designed instruction. After all interventions in the general education setting have been exhausted and the student is still not making progress, students can receive direct instruction in a special education classroom. Direct instruction provides more intense intervention and replacement instruction in order to minimize skill deficits. In our special education classrooms, students will have access to the standards-based general education curriculum, as well as using various research-based intervention programs. Resources and activities will be adjusted based on individual student needs. Suggested time found within the curriculum will be adjusted as needed per individual student's needs.

Special Education Strategies can be located in the IEP Enhancements table located in Appendix: A at the end of this document.

Year-at-a-glance

Subject: Science 8 Grade Level: 8 Date Complet	d: 4/8/2019
--	-------------

1st Quarter

Topic	Resources	Standards
Science Skills	Approved textbook and workbook	\$8.A.1.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.A.1.1.2
	Chapter 1	S8.A.1.1.
	Worksheets	S8.A.2.1.3
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	S8.A.2.2.2
		S8.A.3.2.1
Introduction to Chemistry: Properties of Matter	Approved textbook and workbook	\$8.C.1.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.1.1.2
	Chapter 2	
	Worksheets	
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Chemistry: States of Matter	Approved textbook and workbook	\$8.C.1.1.2
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.3.1.2
	Chapter 3	S11.C.1.1.2
	Worksheets	
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	

2nd Quarter

Topic	Resources	Standards
Introduction to Chemistry: Atomic Structure	Approved textbook and workbook	\$8.C.1.1.1.
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S11.C.1.1.1
	Chapter 4	
	Worksheets	
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Chemistry: The Periodic Table	Approved textbook and workbook	S8.C.1.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S11.C.1.1.4
	Chapter 5	
	Worksheets	
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Chemistry: Chemical Bonds	Approved textbook and workbook	S8.C.1.1.1 E
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S11.C.1.1.3
	Chapter 6	
	Worksheets	
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Chemistry: Chemical Reactions	Approved textbook and workbook	S8.C.1.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.1.1.2
	Chapter 7	S8.C.1.1.3
	Worksheets	S11.C.1.1.6
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	

3rd Quarter

Topic	Resources	Standards
Introduction to Chemistry: Chemical Reactions (continued)	Approved textbook and workbook	S8.C.1.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.1.1.2
	Chapter 7	S8.C.1.1.3
	Worksheets	S11.C.1.1.6
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Physics: Forces and Motion	Approved textbook and workbook	\$8.C.3.1.1
·	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.3.1.2
	Chapter 12	
	Worksheets	
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Physics: Work, Power, and Machines	Approved textbook and workbook	S8.A.1.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.3.1.1
	Chapter 14	S8.C.3.1.2
	Worksheets	S8.C.3.1.3
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	
Introduction to Physics: Energy	Approved textbook and workbook	S8.C.2.1.1
	Physical Science: Concepts in Action:	S8.C.2.1.2
	Chapter 15	S8.C.2.1.
	Worksheets	S8.C.2.2.1.
	Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	S8.C.2.2.2
		S8.C.2.2.3

4th Quarter

Topic	Resources	Standards
Introduction to Physics: Thermal Energy and Heat	Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 16 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	S8.C.2.1.2
PSSA Review and Testing Window	Approved text Perfection Learning's How to Get Better Test Scores	
Introduction to Physics: Electricity	Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 20 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	S.6.C.3.2.1 S.6.C.3.2.2 S.6.C.3.2.3. S11.C.2.1.4
Introduction to Physics: Magnetism	Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 21 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	S.6.C.3.2.1
Review and Final Exam		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time
	PA Academic and Core Standards	A Academic and Core Standards Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Science Skills	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared tests	18 days
	S8.A.1.1 Explain, interpret, and	S8.A.1.1.1 Distinguish between	and workbook	Quizzes	
	apply scientific, environmental, or	a scientific theory and an		Worksheets	
	technological knowledge	opinion, explaining how a	Physical Science:		
	presented in a variety of formats	theory is supported with	Concepts in Action:		
	(e.g., visuals, scenarios, graphs).	evidence, or how new data/information may change	Chapter 1		
	S8.A.2.1 Apply knowledge of	existing theories and practices.	Worksheets		
	scientific investigation or		Bell Ringer Review		
	technological design in different	S8.A.1.1.2 Explain how certain	PowerPoint		
contexts to make inference solve problems.	contexts to make inferences to	questions can be answered			
	solve problems.	through scientific inquiry			
		and/or technological design.			
	S8.A.2.2 Apply appropriate				
	instruments for a specific purpose	S8.A.1.1.3 Use evidence, such			
	and describe the information the	as observations or			
	instrument can provide.	experimental results, to			
		support inferences about a			
	S8.A.3.2 Apply knowledge of	relationship.			
	models to make predictions, draw				
	inferences, or explain	S8.A.2.1.3 Design a controlled			
	technological concepts.	experiment by specifying how			
PA Academic Standards: Science 3.2.4 A Identify and use the		the independent variables will			
	PA Academic Standards: Science	be manipulated, how the			
	3.2.4 A Identify and use the	dependent variable will be			
	nature of scientific and	measured, and which variables			
	technological knowledge.	will be held constant.			
	Provide clear explanations that	S8.A.2.2.2 Apply appropriate			

ac	ccount for observations and	measurement systems (e.g.,	
re	esults.	time, mass, distance, volume,	
		temperature) to record and	
R	elate how new information can	interpret observations under	
ch	hange existing.	varying conditions.	
3.	.2.4 C Recognize and use the	S8.A.3.2.1 Describe how	
el	lements of scientific inquiry to	scientists use models to	
sc	olve problems.	explore relationships in natural	
		systems.	
G	enerate questions about objects,		
Of	rganisms and/or events that can		
bo	e answered through scientific	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	
in	nvestigations.	Explain how science and	
		technology are related.	
	esign an investigation.		
	onduct an experiment.	List the major branches of	
	tate a conclusion that is	natural science and describe	
co	onsistent with the information.	how they develop.	
	3.1.4 B Know models as useful	Describe the main ideas of	
si	mplifications of objects or	physical science.	
рі	rocesses.		
		Describe the steps in scientific	
	dentify and apply models as tools	method.	
	or prediction and insight.	Identify the relationship	
	pply appropriate simple	between the independent and	
	nodeling tools and techniques.	dependent variable using	
	lentify theories that serve as	experimental design. Write a	
m	nodels.	hypothesis to show cause and	
		effect of factors in an	
	3.2.4 B Describe objects in the	experiment.	
w	orld using the five senses.		
		Compare and contrast facts,	

	r		
Recognize observational	scientific theories, and		
descriptors from each of the five	scientific laws.		
senses (e.g., see-blue, feel-rough).			
Use observations to develop a	Explain the importance of		
descriptive vocabulary.	models in science.		
	Explain the importance of		
PA Core Standards:	safety in science.		
Reading for Science and Technical			
Subjects, 6-12	Perform calculations involving		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	scientific notation and		
Students read, understand, and	conversion factors.		
respond to informational text-			
with emphasis on comprehension,	Identify the metric and SI units		
making connections among ideas	used in science and convert		
and between texts with focus on	between common metric		
textual evidence.	prefixes.		
textual evidence.	prenixes.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for	Compare and contrast		
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	accuracy and precision.		
12	accuracy and precision.		
3.6 Writing	Relate the Celsius, Kevin, and		
Students write for different	Fahrenheit scales.		
purposes and audiences.	ramement scales.		
Students write clear and focused	Organiza and analyze data		
	Organize and analyze data		
text to convey a well-defined	using tables and graphs.		
perspective and appropriate	Fundain the insperit are of		
content.	Explain the importance of		
	communicating accurate data		
	and discuss peer review.		
	Vocabulary:		

Science	
Technology	
Chemistry	
Physics	
Geology	
Astronomy	
Geology	
scientific method	
observation	
Qualitative observation	
Quantitative observation	
Hypothesis	
Independent variable	
Dependent variable	
Controlled experiment	
Scientific theory	
Scientific law	
Model	
Direct relationship	
Inverse relationship	

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary			Time (In Days)
Properties of Matter Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both	Anchor Descriptor: S8.C.1.1 Explain concepts about the structure and properties (physical and chemical) of matter. S8.A.1.3 Identify and analyze evidence that certain variables may have caused measurable changes in natural or human-	Eligible Content: S8.C.1.1.1 Explain the differences among elements, compounds, and mixtures. S8.C.1.1.2 Use characteristic physical or chemical properties to distinguish one substance Eligible Content: Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 2 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review	S8.C.1.1.1 Explain the differences among elements, compounds, and mixtures. S8.C.1.1.2 Use characteristic physical or chemical properties to distinguish one substance	Teacher prepared tests Quizzes Worksheets	15 days
between and within atoms.	made systems. S8.A.2.1 Apply knowledge of scientific investigation or technological design in different contexts to make inferences to solve problems.	from another (e.g., density, thermal expansion/contraction, freezing/melting points, streak test).	PowerPoint		
	S8.A.2.2 Apply appropriate instruments for a specific purpose and describe the information the instrument can provide. PA Academic Standards: Science 3.2.10.B Apply process knowledge and organize scientific and	Essential Knowledge/Skills: Pure substances are made from a single type of atom or compound; each pure substance has characteristic physical and chemical properties that can be used to identify it.			
	technological phenomena in varied ways.	Generate evidence supporting the claim that one pure substance can be distinguished			

Describe materials using precise	from another based on given		
quantitative and qualitative skills	characteristic properties.		
based on observations.			
	Each pure substance has		
Develop appropriate scientific	characteristic physical and		
experiments: raising questions,	chemical properties that can		
formulating hypotheses, testing,	be used to identify it.		
controlled experiments,			
recognizing variables,	Select appropriate materials,		
manipulating variables,	based on their physical and/or		
interpreting data, and producing	chemical properties, to be		
solutions.	used to identify an unknown		
Soldtions.	substance.		
3.4.7. A Describe concepts about	Classify pure substances as		
the structure and properties of	elements or compounds.		
matter.			
	Describe the characteristics of		
Identify elements as basic building blocks of matter that cannot be	an element and the symbols		
	used to identify the elements.		
broken down chemically.	·		
Distinguish compounds from	Describe the characteristics of		
mixtures.	a compound.		
Describe and conduct	·		
experiments that identify	Distinguish pure substances		
chemical and physical properties.	from mixtures.		
PA Core Standards:	Classify mixtures as		
Reading for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12	heterogeneous or		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	homogeneous. Classify		
Students read, understand, and	,		
respond to informational text-	mixtures as solutions,		

with emphasis on comprehension,	suspensions, or colloids.		
making connections among ideas			
and between texts with focus on	Describe physical properties of		
textual evidence.	matter.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for			
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	Identify substances based on		
12	their physical properties.		
3.6 Writing			
Students write for different	Describe methods used to		
purposes and audiences.	separate mixtures.		
Students write clear and focused text to convey a well-defined			
perspective and appropriate	Describe evidence that		
content.	indicates a physical change is		
	taking place.		
	Describe chemical properties		
	of matter.		
	Describe clues that indicate		
	that a chemical change is		
	taking place.		
	Distinguish chemical changes		
	from physical changes.		
	Vocabulary:		
	Pure Substances		
	Element		
	Compound		
	Mixture		

	Heterogeneous Mixture		
	Homogeneous Mixture		
	Solution		
	Solute		
	Solvent		
	Colloid		
	Suspension		
	Physical properties		
	Viscosity		
	Boiling point		
	Conductivity		
	Density		
	Flammability		
	Malleability		
	Melting point		
	Odor		
	Chemical properties		
	Pure Substance		
	Reactivity		
	Solubility		
	Chemical change		
	Physical change		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content, Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards				Time (In Days)
States of Matter Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	•	Essential Knowledge,	Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 3 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	Teacher prepared tests Quizzes Worksheets	Time
	1, ,				

3.4.10.A Predict the behavior of			
gases through the use of Boyle's,	Construct models comparing		
Charles' or the ideal gas law, in	the arrangement and motion		
everyday situations.	of molecules within solids,		
	liquids and gas		
Describe phases of matter	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
according to the Kinetic Molecular	The changes of state that		
Theory.	occur with variations in		
,	temperature or pressure can		
PA Core Standards:	be described and predicted.		
Reading for Science and Technical	•		
Subjects, 6-12	Determine the temperature at		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	which a substance is solid,		
Students read, understand, and	liquid and/or gas.		
respond to informational text-	, ,		
with emphasis on comprehension,	Describe the five states of		
making connections among ideas	matter.		
and between texts with focus on			
textual evidence.	Classify materials as solids,		
	liquids, or gases.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for			
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	Explain the behavior of gases,		
12	liquids, and solids using kinetic		
3.6 Writing	theory.		
Students write for different			
purposes and audiences.	Define pressure and gas		
Students write clear and focused	pressure.		
text to convey a well-defined			
perspective and appropriate	Identify factors that affect gas		
content.	pressure.		
	Predict changes in gas pressure		
	due to changes in		Ì

Science 8 Page 15

temperature, volume, and

	number of particles.		
	Explain Charles's law, Boyle's		
	law, and the combined gas law.		
	Apply gas laws to solve		
	problems involving gases.		
	Describe phase changes.		
	Explain what happens to the		
	motion, arrangement, and		
	average kinetic energy of		
	water molecules during phase		
	changes.		
	Describe each of the six phase		
	changes and identify as		
	endothermic or exothermic.		
	Vocabulary:		
	Solids		
	Liquids		
	Gases		
	Kinetic energy		
	Pressure		
	Absolute zero		
	Charles's Law		
	Boyle's Law Phase change		
	Endothermic		
	Exothermic		
	Vaporization		
	Evaporation		
	Lvaporation		

	Vapor pressure		
	Condensation		
	Sublimation		
	Deposition		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor PA Academic and Core Standards	Eligible Content, Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time (In Days)
Atomic Structure Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	Anchor Descriptor: S8.A.3.2 Apply knowledge of models to make predictions, draw inferences, or explain technological concepts. S8.C.1.1 Explain concepts about the structure and properties (physical and chemical) of matter. PA Academic Standards: Science 3.1.10.B Describe concepts of models as a way to predict and understand science and technology. Distinguish between different types of models and modeling techniques and apply their appropriate use in specific applications (e.g., kinetic gas theory, DNA).	Essential Knowledge,	Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 4 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	Teacher prepared tests Quizzes Worksheets	Time
the st matte comp atom	3.4.10.A Explain concepts about the structure and properties of matter. Know that atoms are composed of even smaller subatomic structures whose properties are measurable.	the periodic table. Vocabulary: Protons Electrons Neutrons			

		Atomic Number		
PA Core Standa	rds:	Atomic mass		
Reading for Science	ence and Technical	Isotopes		
Subjects, 6-12		Electron Cloud Model		
3.5 Reading Info	ormational Text	Energy levels		
Students read, (understand, and	Atomic orbitals		
respond to info	rmational text-	Electron configuration (excited		
with emphasis of	on comprehension,	state, ground state)		
making connect	tions among ideas			
and between te	exts with focus on			
textual evidence	e.			
PA Core Standa	rds: Writing for			
Science and Ted	chnical Subjects, 6-			
12				
3.6 Writing				
Students write	for different			
purposes and a				
Students write	clear and focused			
text to convey a	well-defined			
perspective and	l appropriate			
content.				

	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time (In Days)
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary			
The Periodic Table Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	Anchor Descriptor: S8.C.1.1 Explain concepts about the structure and properties (physical and chemical) of matter. S8.A.3.3 Describe repeated processes or recurring elements in natural, scientific, and technological patterns. PA Academic Standards: Science 3.1.10.B Describe concepts of models as a way to predict and understand science and technology. Examine the advantages of using models to demonstrate processes and outcomes (e.g., blue print analysis, structural stability). 3.4.10.A Explain concepts about the structure and properties of matter. Explain the repeating pattern of chemical properties by using the repeating patterns of atomic structure within the periodic table.		Approved textbook and workbook Physical Science: Concepts in Action: Chapter 5 Worksheets Bell Ringer Review PowerPoint	Teacher prepared tests Quizzes Worksheets	

PA Core Standards:	chemical properties and
Reading for Science and Technical	atomic structure within the
Subjects, 6-12	periodic table, identify key
3.5 Reading Informational Text	properties of an element based
Students read, understand, and	on its location on the periodic
respond to informational text-	table.
with emphasis on comprehension,	
making connections among ideas	Identify the name and symbol
and between texts with focus on	for the main group elements
textual evidence.	and common transition metals.
PA Core Standards: Writing for	Vocabulary:
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	Periodic Law
12	Periods
3.6 Writing	Groups
Students write for different	Atomic Mass
purposes and audiences.	Metals
Students write clear and focused	Transition Metals
text to convey a well-defined	Nonmetals
perspective and appropriate	Metalloids
content.	Valence electrons
	Main group elements names
	and key properties: Alkali
	Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals,
	Boron Family, Carbon Family,
	Nitrogen Family, Oxygen
	Family, Halogens, Noble Gases)

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor PA Academic and Core Standards	Eligible Content, Essential Knowledge,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time
		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Chemical Bonds	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	17 days
	S8.A.3.2 Apply knowledge of	S8.C.1.1.1 Explain the	workbook	tests	
Matter can be	models to make predictions, draw	differences among elements,		Quizzes	
understood in	inferences, or explain	compounds, and mixtures.	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
terms of the types	technological concepts.		Concepts in Action:		
of atoms present		S11.C.1.1.3 Explain the	Chapter 6		
and the	S8.C.1.1 Explain concepts about	formation of compounds (ionic			
interactions both	the structure and properties	and covalent) and their	Worksheets		
between and	(physical and chemical) of matter.	resulting properties using	Bell Ringer Review		
within atoms.		bonding theories.	PowerPoint		
	PA Academic Standards: Science				
	3.1.10.B Describe concepts of				
	models as a way to predict and	Essential Knowledge/Skills:			
	understand science and	All substances are made of			
	technology.	atoms, which combine with			
	Distinguish between different	one another in various ways.			
	types of models and modeling				
	techniques and apply their	Represent models of simple			
	appropriate use in specific	molecules based on the type of bond (ionic, covalent) using			
	applications (e.g., kinetic gas	bond diagrams.			
	theory, DNA).	bond diagrams.			
		Identify characteristics of			
	3.4.10.A Explain concepts about	metallic bonds.			
	the structure and properties of				
	matter.	Name compounds and write			
		chemical formulas for ionic and			
	Know that atoms are composed of	molecular formulas.			
	even smaller sub-atomic				

structures whose properties are measurable Recognize formulas for simple inorganic compounds. Understand that carbon can form several types of compounds. 3.4.12 A Apply concepts about the structure and properties of matter. Apply rules of systematic nomenclature and formula writing	between nonpolar and polar covalent bonds. Vocabulary: Chemical Bonds Octet Rule Chemical Formulas Lewis Structures (electron dot diagrams) lons Cations	
several types of compounds. 3.4.12 A Apply concepts about th structure and properties of matter.	Chemical Bonds Octet Rule Chemical Formulas Lewis Structures (electron dot diagrams) lons Cations Anions lonic Bonds Covalent Bonds Molecules Polar Covalent Bonds Nonpolar Covalent Bonds Metallic Bonds Metallic Bonds	

perspective and appropriate content.		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge,			Time
		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Chemical	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	17 days
Reactions	S8.C.1.1 Explain concepts about	S8.C.1.1.1 Explain the	workbook	tests	
	the structure and properties	differences among elements,		Quizzes	
Matter can be	(physical and chemical) of matter.	compounds, and mixtures.	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
understood in			Concepts in Action:		
terms of the types	S8.A.1.3 Identify and analyze	S8.C.1.1.2 Use characteristic	Chapter 7		
of atoms present and the	evidence that certain variables	physical or chemical properties	Worksheets		
interactions both	may have caused measurable changes in natural or human-	to distinguish one substance	Bell Ringer Review		
between and	made systems.	from another.	PowerPoint		
within atoms.	made systems.	nom another.	1 OWEIT OILL		
	S8.A.2.1 Apply knowledge of scientific investigation or technological design in different contexts to make inferences to solve problems. S8.A.2.2 Apply appropriate instruments for a scientific purpose and describe the information the instruments can provide.	S8.C.1.1.3 Identify and describe reactants and products of simple chemical reactions. S11.C.1.1.6 Describe factors that influence the frequency of collisions during chemical reactions that might affect the			
	PA Academic Standards: Science 3.4.7. A Describe concepts about	reaction rates (e.g., surface area, concentration, catalyst, temperature).			
	the structure and properties of				
	matter.	Essential Knowledge/Skills:			
	Identify elements as basic building	The amount of matter is			
	blocks of matter that cannot be	conserved regardless of what			
	broken down chemically.	reaction or change in			

properties occurs, the total			
involved does not change.			
Determine the effect on the			
total mass of a substance when			
the substance changes shape,			
phase, and/or is dissolved.			
Investigate the interaction of			
two or more substances to			
determine whether a new			
substance is formed when			
materials are mixed.			
Interpret chemical equations in			
terms of reactants products			
and conservation of mass.			
Based on the law of			
conservation of mass, balance			
chemical equations by			
manipulating coefficients.			
dimensional analysis.			
Classify shaminal resetions s			
1			
	total mass of a substance when the substance changes shape, phase, and/or is dissolved. Investigate the interaction of two or more substances to determine whether a new substance is formed when materials are mixed. Interpret chemical equations in terms of reactants, products, and conservation of mass. Based on the law of conservation of mass, balance chemical equations by	mass of the substances involved does not change. Determine the effect on the total mass of a substance when the substance changes shape, phase, and/or is dissolved. Investigate the interaction of two or more substances to determine whether a new substance is formed when materials are mixed. Interpret chemical equations in terms of reactants, products, and conservation of mass. Based on the law of conservation of mass, balance chemical equations by manipulating coefficients. Convert between moles and mass of a substance using molar mass. Completed using dimensional analysis. Classify chemical reactions as synthesis, decomposition, single-replacement, double-	mass of the substances involved does not change. Determine the effect on the total mass of a substance when the substance changes shape, phase, and/or is dissolved. Investigate the interaction of two or more substances to determine whether a new substance is formed when materials are mixed. Interpret chemical equations in terms of reactants, products, and conservation of mass. Based on the law of conservation of mass, balance chemical equations by manipulating coefficients. Convert between moles and mass of a substance using molar mass. Completed using dimensional analysis. Classify chemical reactions as synthesis, decomposition, single-replacement, double-

mathematical formulas.	reactions.		
PA Core Standards:	Describe the energy changes		
Reading for Science and Technical	that take place during chemical		
Subjects, 6-12	reactions.		
3.5 Reading Informational Text			
Students read, understand, and	Classify chemical reactions as		
respond to informational text-	endothermic or exothermic.		
with emphasis on comprehension,			
making connections among ideas	Explain how energy is		
and between texts with focus on	conserved during chemical		
textual evidence.	reactions.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for	Explain what a reaction rate is.		
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	Describe the factors affecting		
12	chemical reaction rates.		
3.6 Writing			
Students write for different	Identify and describe physical		
purposes and audiences.	and chemical equilibria.		
Students write clear and focused	Describe the factors affecting		
text to convey a well-defined	chemical equilibrium.		
perspective and appropriate			
content.	Vocabulary:		
	Reactants		
	Products		
	Chemical equation		
	Coefficients		
	Mole (Avogadro's Number)		
	Molar Mass		
	Synthesis Reaction		
	Decomposition Reaction		
	Single-Replacement Reaction Double-Replacement Reaction		
	Combustion Reaction		
	COMBUSCION REACTION	ļ.	

С	Oxidation-Reduction Reaction	
C	Chemical Energy	
E	Exothermic Reaction	
E	Endothermic Reaction	
R	Reaction Rate	
c	Catalyst	
E	Equilibrium	
R	Reversible Reaction	

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge,			Time
		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Forces and Motion	Anchor Descriptors:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	10 days
	S8.A.1.1 Explain, interpret, and	S8.C.3.1.1 Describe forces	workbook	tests	
Interactions	apply scientific, environmental, or	acting on objects (e.g. friction,		Quizzes	
between any two	technological knowledge	gravity, balanced versus	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
objects can cause	presented in a variety of formats	unbalanced).	Concepts in Action:		
changes in one or	(e.g., visuals, scenarios, graphs).	50 6 0 4 2 5	Chapter 12		
both of them.		S8.C.3.1.2 Distinguish between			
	S8.A.2.1 Apply knowledge of	kinetic and potential energy.	Worksheets		
	scientific investigation or		Bell Ringer Review		
	technological design in different contexts to make inferences to		PowerPoint		
	solve problems.	Essential Knowledge/Skills:			
	solve problems.	The motion of an object is			
	S8.A.2.2 Apply appropriate	determined by the sum of the			
	instruments for a scientific	forces acting on it; if the total			
	purpose and describe the	force on the object is not zero,			
	information the instruments can	its motion will change.			
	provide				
		A pair of interacting objects			
	S8.A.3.2 Apply knowledge of	apply equal and opposite			
	models to make predictions, draw	forces on one another.			
	inferences, or explain				
	technological concepts.	Gravitational forces are			
		always attractive. There is a			
	PA Academic Standards: Science	gravitational force between all			
	3.1.7.B Describe the use of models	objects. This force is			
	as an application of scientific or	dependent upon mass and			
	technological concepts.	distance between the objects.			
	Identify and describe different	Using given data that			
	types of models and their				
		represents the relationship of			

functions.	gravitational interactions		
Apply models to predict specific	(force, mass, distance) and the		
results and observations (e.g.,	motion of objects in space.		
population growth, effects of			
infections organisms). Explain systems by outlining a system's relevant parts and its purpose and/or designing a model that illustrates its function.	Represent how an object's relative position, velocity, and direction of motion are affected by forces acting on the object.		
3.4.7.D Identify gravity as the force that keeps planets in orbit around the sun and governs the	Design a qualitative solution to a problem involving the motion of colliding objects.		
rest of the movement of the solar system and universe.	Describe examples of force and identify appropriate SI units used to measure force.		
3.1.10.B Apply mathematical			
models to science and technology	Explain how the motion of an object is affected when		
3.4.7.C Identify and explain the principles of force and motion.	balanced and unbalanced forces act on it.		
Describe the motion of an object	Compare and contrast the four		
based on its position, direction	kinds of friction.		
and speed. 3.4.12.C Describe inertia, motion, equilibrium, and action/reaction	Describe how Earth's gravity and air resistance affect falling objects.		
concepts through words, models and mathematical symbols. PA Core Standards: Reading for Science and Technical	Describe the path of a projectile and identify the forces that produce projectile motion.		

	_	
Subjects, 6-12		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	Describe Newton's first law of	
Students read, understand, and	motion and its relation to	
respond to informational text-	inertia.	
with emphasis on comprehension,		
making connections among ideas	Describe Newton's second law	
and between texts with focus on	of motion and use it to	
textual evidence.	calculate acceleration, force,	
	and mass values.	
PA Core Standards: Writing for		
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	Relate the mass of an object to	
12	its weight.	
3.6 Writing		
Students write for different	Explain how action and	
purposes and audiences.	reaction forces are related	
Students write clear and focused	according to Newton's third	
text to convey a well-defined	law of motion.	
perspective and appropriate		
content.	Calculate the momentum of an	
	object and describe what	
	happens when momentum is	
	conserved during a collision.	
	Identify the forms of	
	electromagnetic force that can	
	both attract and repel.	
	Identify and describe the	
	universal forces acting within	
	the nucleus.	
	Define Newton's law of	
	universal gravitation and	
	describe the factors affecting	

gravitational force.
Describe centripetal force and
the type of motion it produces.
Vocabulary:
Force
Newton (SI unit)
Net Force
Friction
Static Friction
Sliding Friction
Rolling Friction
Fluid Friction
Air Resistance
Gravity
Terminal Velocity
Projectile Motion
Inertia
Mass
Weight
Momentum
Law of Conservation of
Momentum
Electromagnetic Force
Strong Nuclear Force
Weak Nuclear Force
Gravitational Force
Centripetal Force

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge,			Time
		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Work, Power, and	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	10 days
Machines	S8.A.1.1 Explain, interpret, and	S8.A.1.1.1 Distinguish between	workbook	tests	
	apply scientific, environmental, or	a scientific theory and an		Quizzes	
Interactions	technological knowledge	opinion, explaining how a	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
between any two	presented in a variety of formats	theory is supported with	Concepts in Action:		
objects can cause	(e.g., visuals, scenarios, graphs).	evidence, or how new	Chapter 14		
•		data/information may change			
changes in one or	S8.C.3.1 Describe the effect of	existing theories and practices.	Worksheets		
both of them.	multiple forces on the movement,	50 6 2 4 4 December 5	Bell Ringer Review		
	speed, or direction of an object.	S8.C.3.1.1 Describe forces	PowerPoint		
	PA Academic Standards: Science	acting on objects (e.g., friction,			
	3.4.4.C Recognize forces that	gravity, balanced versus unbalanced).			
	_	unbalanceu).			
	attract or repel other objects and	S8.C.3.1.2 Distinguish between			
	demonstrate them.	kinetic and potential energy.			
	Describe various types of motions.	minetic and potential energy.			
	Compare the relative movement	S8.C.3.1.3 Explain that			
	of objects and describe types of	mechanical advantage helps to			
	motion that are evident.	do work (physics) by either			
	Describe the position of an object	changing a force or changing			
	by locating it relative to another	the direction of the applied			
	object or the background (e.g.,	force (e.g., simple machines,			
	geographic direction, left, up).	hydraulic systems).			
	geographic direction, left, up).				
	2.4.7.6.5				
	3.4.7.C Explain various motions	Essential Knowledge/Skills:			
	using models.	Explain that the mechanical			
	3.4.10.C Identify elements of	advantages produced by			
	simple machines in compound	simple machines helps to do			
	machines.	work (physics) by either			

	overcoming a force or		
PA Core Standards:	changing the direction of the		
Reading for Science and Technical	applied force.		
Subjects, 6-12	Circum a service of the		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	Given a scenario involving		
Students read, understand, and	simple machines, qualitatively		
respond to informational text-	compare the mechanical		
with emphasis on comprehension,	advantage of each. Based on		
making connections among ideas	this analysis, argue which		
and between texts with focus on	machine is best for the task.		
textual evidence.			
	Describe the conditions that		
PA Core Standards: Writing for	must exist for a force to do		
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-			
12			
3.6 Writing	Calculate the work done on an		
Students write for different	object.		
purposes and audiences.			
Students write clear and focused	Describe and calculate power.		
text to convey a well-defined	bescribe and calculate power.		
•	Compare the units of watts		
perspective and appropriate	1		
content.	and horsepower as they relate		
	to power.		
	Describe what a machine is		
	and how it makes work easier		
	to do.		
	Relate the work input to a		
	machine to the work output of		
	the machine.		
	Compare a machine's actual		
	mechanical advantage to its		

ideal mechanical advantage.		
Calculate the ideal and actual		
mechanical advantages of		
various machines.		
Calculate a machine's		
efficiency and explain why the		
efficiency is always less than		
100%.		
Name, describe, and give an		
example of the six types of		
simple machines.		
Describe how to determine the		
ideal mechanical advantage of		
each type of simply machine.		
Describe and identify		
Describe and identify compound machines.		
compound machines.		
Vocabulary:		
Work		
Joule		
Power		
Watt, Horsepower		
Machine		
Input Force		
Input Distance		
Work Input		
Output Force		
Output Distance		
Work Output		

Mechanical Advantage Actual Mechanical Advantage Ideal Mechanical Advantage Efficiency Lever Fulcrum Input Arm, Output Arm Wheel and Axle Inclined Plane Wedge Screw Pulley Compound Machine
Compound Machine

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge,			Time
		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Energy	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	10 days
	S8.A.2.1 Apply knowledge of	S8.C.2.1.1 Distinguish among	workbook	tests	
Interactions of	scientific investigation or	forms of energy (e.g.,		Quizzes	
objects or systems	technological design in different	electrical, mechanical,	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
•	contexts to make inferences to	chemical, light, sound, nuclear)	Concepts in Action:		
of objects can be	solve problems.	and sources of energy (i.e.,	Chapter 15		
predicted and		renewable and nonrenewable			
explained using	S8.A.2.2 Apply appropriate	energy)	Worksheets		
the concept of	instruments for a specific purpose		Bell Ringer Review		
energy transfer	and describe the information the	S8.C.2.1.2 Explain how energy	PowerPoint		
and conservation.	instrument can provide.	is transferred from one place			
		to another through convection,			
	S8.C.2.1 Describe energy sources,	conduction, or radiation.			
	transfer of energy, or conversion				
	of energy.	S8.C.2.1.3 Describe how one			
		form of energy (e.g., electrical,			
	S8.C.2.2 Compare the	mechanical, chemical, light,			
	environmental impact of different	sound, nuclear) can be			
	energy sources chosen to support	converted into a different form			
	human endeavors.	of energy.			
	PA Academic Standards: Science	S8.C.2.2.1 Describe the Sun as			
	3.4.7.B Explain the conversion of	the major source of energy			
	one form of energy to another by	that impacts the environment.			
	applying knowledge of each form				
	of energy.	S8.C.2.2.2 Compare the time			
	0. 66.97.	span of renewability for fossil			
	PA Core Standards:	fuels and the time span of			
	Reading for Science and Technical	renewability for alternative			
	Subjects, 6-12	fuels.			
		S8.C.2.2.3 Describe the waste			
	3.5 Reading Informational Text				1

Students read, understand, and	(i.e., kind and quantity) derived	
respond to informational text-	from the use of renewable and	
with emphasis on comprehension,	nonrenewable resources and	
making connections among ideas	their potential impact on the	
and between texts with focus on	environment.	
textual evidence.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	Whenever a transformation of	
12	energy occurs, some of the	
3.6 Writing	energy in the system appears	
Students write for different purposes and audiences.	as thermal energy.	
Students write clear and focused		
text to convey a well-defined	Compare, evaluate, and design	
perspective and appropriate	a device that improves thermal	
content.	energy transfer, and defend	
	the selection of materials	
	chosen to construct the device.	
	Describe the relationship	
	between work and energy.	
	Ţ,	
	Relate kinetic energy to mass	
	and speed and calculate these	
	quantities.	
	Analyze how potential energy	
	is related to an object's	
	position and give example of	
	,	
	gravitational and elastic	
	potential energy.	

Solve equations that relate an		
object's gravitational potential		
energy to its mass and height.		
Give examples of the major		
forms of energy and explain		
how each is produced.		
Describe conversions of energy		
from one form to another.		
State and apply the law of		
conservation of energy.		
Analyze how energy is		
conserved in conversions		
between kinetic energy and		
potential energy and solve		
equations that equate initial		
energy to final energy.		
Describe the relationship		
between energy and mass and		
calculate how much energy is		
equivalent to a given mass.		
Classify energy resources as		
renewable or nonrenewable.		
Evaluate benefits and		
	1	

	drawbacks of different energy		
	sources.		
	Describe ways to consome		
	Describe ways to conserve		
	energy resources.		
	Vocabulary:		
	Energy		
	Kinetic energy		
	Potential energy		
	Gravitational potential energy		
	Elastic potential energy		
	Mechanical energy		
	Thermal energy		
	Chemical energy		
	Electrical energy		
	Electromagnetic energy		
	Nuclear energy		
	Energy conversion		
	Law of conservation of energy		
	Nonrenewable energy		
	resources		
	Fossil fuels		
	Renewable energy resources		
	Hydroelectric energy		
	Solar energy		
	Geothermal energy		
	Biomass energy		
	Hydrogen fuel cells		
	Energy Conservation		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested

	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary			Time (In Days)
Thermal Energy	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	5 days
and Heat	S8.A.3.2 Apply knowledge of	S8.C.2.1.2 Explain how energy	workbook	tests	
	models to make predictions, draw	is transferred from one place		Quizzes	
Interactions of	inferences, or explain	to another through convection,	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
objects or systems	technological concepts.	conduction, or radiation	Concepts in Action:		
of objects can be			Chapter 16		
predicted and	S8.C.2.1 Describe energy sources,				
explained using	transfer of energy, or conversion	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	Worksheets		
the concept of	of energy	Energy is transferred from	Bell Ringer Review		
energy transfer		hotter regions or objects and	PowerPoint		
and conservation.	PA Academic Standards: Science	into colder ones by the			
	3.4.4.B Identify energy forms and				
	examples (e.g., sunlight, heat,	processes of conduction,			
	stored, motion).	convection, and radiation.			
	Know the concept of the flow of				
	energy by measuring flow through	The term "heat" as used in			
	an object or system.	everyday language refers both			
	Classify materials as conductors	to thermal motion (the			
	and nonconductors.	motion of atoms or molecules			
	3.2.10.B Apply process knowledge	within a substance) and			
	and organize scientific and	electromagnetic radiation			
	technological phenomena in	(particularly infrared and			
	varied ways.	light).			
	PA Core Standards:				
		Communicate the means by			
	Reading for Science and Technical	which thermal energy is			
	Subjects, 6-12	transferred during conduction,			
	3.5 Reading Informational Text	convection, and radiation.			
	Students read, understand, and	convection, and radiation.			
	respond to informational text-	Fundain how hoot and wards			
	with emphasis on comprehension,	Explain how heat and work			

making connections among ideas	transfer energy.		
and between texts with focus on			
textual evidence.	Relate thermal energy to the		
	motion of particles that make		
PA Core Standards: Writing for	up a material.		
Science and Technical Subjects, 6-			
12	Relate temperature to thermal		
3.6 Writing	energy and to thermal		
Students write for different	expansion.		
purposes and audiences.			
Students write clear and focused	Calculate thermal energy,		
text to convey a well-defined	temperature change, or mass		
perspective and appropriate	using the specific heat		
content.	equation.		
	Describe how a calorimeter		
	operates.		
	Describe conduction,		
	convection, and radiation and		
	identify which of these is		
	occurring in a given situation.		
	Classify materials as thermal		
	conductors or thermal		
	insulators.		
	Apply the second law of		
	thermodynamics in situations		
	where thermal energy moves		
	from cooler to warmer objects.		
	State the third law of		
	thermodynamics.		

			_
	Describe heat engines and how they convert thermal energy		
	into mechanical energy.		
	Basedha ha different la ci		
	Describe how different heating		
	and cooling systems operate.		
	Vessbulen.		
	Vocabulary:		
	Heat		
	Temperature		
	Absolute zero		
	Thermal Expansion		
	Specific heat		
	Calorimeter		
	Conduction		
	Thermal conductor		
	Thermal insulator		
	Convection		
	Convection current		
	Radiation		
	Thermodynamics		
	Heat engine		
	Waste heat		
	External combustion engine		
	Internal combustion engine		
	Central heating system		
	Heat pump		
	Refrigerant		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge,			Time

		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
PSSA Review and Testing Window	Anchor Descriptor: All anchors reviewed for PSSA test preparation. PA Academic Standards: Science PA Core Standards: Reading for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12 3.5 Reading Informational Text Students read, understand, and respond to informational textwith emphasis on comprehension, making connections among ideas and between texts with focus on textual evidence. PA Core Standards: Writing for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12 3.6 Writing Students write for different purposes and audiences. Students write clear and focused text to convey a well-defined perspective and appropriate content.	Eligible Content: All anchors reviewed for PSSA test preparation. Essential Knowledge/Skills: All skills reviewed for PSSA test preparation. Vocabulary: All necessary vocabulary reviewed for PSSA test preparation.	Perfection Learning's How to Get Better Test Scores	Perfection Learning's How to Get Better Test Scores Practice Tests	15 days

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core	Essential Knowledge,			Time
	Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Electricity	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared	14 days
	S.6.C.3.2 Describe how magnets	S.6.C.3.2.1 Describe how	and workbook	tests	
Interactions of	and electricity produce related	moving electric charges		Quizzes	
objects or	forces.	produce magnetic forces and	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
systems of		moving magnets produce	Concepts in Action:		
objects can be	PA Academic Standards:	electric forces.	Chapter 20		
predicted and	Science				
-	3.4.10 B Analyze energy sources	S.6.C.3.2.2 Describe the	Worksheets		
explained using	and transfers of heat.	relationships between	Bell Ringer Review		
the concept of	Explain resistance, current and	voltage, current, and	PowerPoint		
energy transfer	electro-motive force (Ohm's	resistance (Ohm's Law).			
and conservation.	Law).				
	2.4.40 6 Birther tale acceptable	S.6.C.3.2.3 Distinguish			
	3.4.10 C Distinguish among the	between gravity and			
	principles of force and motion. Identify the relationship of	electromagnetism.			
	electricity and magnetism as	S11.C.2.1.4 Use Ohm's Law to			
	two aspects of a single	explain relative resistances,			
	electromagnetic force.	currents, and voltage.			
	Identify elements of simple	currents, and voltage.			
	machines in compound				
	machines.	Essential Knowledge/Skills:			
		Analyze factors that affect			
	3.4.4 B Know basic energy types,	the strength and direction of			
	sources and conversions.	electric forces and fields.			
	Identify energy forms and	creatile forces and fields.			
	examples (e.g., sunlight, heat,	Describe how electric forces			
	stored, motion).	and fields affect electric			
	Know the concept of the flow of	charges.			
	energy by measuring flow				
	through an object or system.	Describe how electric charges			

 Describe static electricity in	are transferred and explain		
terms of attraction, repulsion	why electric charges occur.		
and sparks.			
Apply knowledge of the basic	Describe electric current and		
electrical circuits to design and	identify the two types of		
construction simple direct	current.		
current circuits.			
Classify materials as conductors	Describe conduction and		
and nonconductors.	classify materials as good		
	electrical conductors or good		
PA Core Standards:	electrical insulators.		
Reading for Science and			
Technical Subjects, 6-12	Describe the facts that affect		
3.5 Reading Informational Text	resistance.		
Students read, understand, and			
respond to informational text-	Explain how voltage		
with emphasis on	produces electric current.		
comprehension, making			
connections among ideas and	Calculate voltage, current,		
between texts with focus on	and resistance using Ohm's		
textual evidence.	law.		
PA Core Standards: Writing for	Analyze and draw circuit		
Science and Technical Subjects,	diagrams for series and		
6-12	parallel circuits.		
3.6 Writing			
Students write for different	Solve equations that relate		
purposes and audiences.	electric power to current,		
Students write clear and focused	voltage, and electrical		
text to convey a well-defined	energy.		
perspective and appropriate			
content.	Describe devices for		
	maintaining electrical safety.		
			1

Describe how electronic		
devices used to control		
electron flow.		
Describe how solid-state		
components are used in		
electronic devices.		
Vocabulary:		
Electric charge		
Electric force		
Electric field		
Static electricity		
Law of conservation of		
charge		
Induction		
Electric current		
Direct current		
Alternating current		
Electrical conductor		
Electrical insulator		
Resistance		
Superconductor		
Potential difference		
Voltage		
Battery		
Ohm's law		
Electric circuit		
Series circuit		
Parallel circuit		
Electric power		
Fuse		
Circuit breaker		
Grounding		

	Electronics		
	Electronic signal		
	Analog signal		
	Digital signal		
	Semiconductor		
	Diode		
	Transistor		
	Integrated circuit		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core Standards	Essential Knowledge,			Time
		Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Magnetism	Anchor Descriptor:	Eligible Content:	Approved textbook and	Teacher prepared	8 days
	S.6.C.3.2 Describe how magnets	S.6.C.3.2.1 Describe how	workbook	tests	
Interactions of	and electricity produce related	moving electric charges		Quizzes	
objects or systems	forces.	produce magnetic forces and	Physical Science:	Worksheets	
of objects can be		moving magnets produce	Concepts in Action:		
predicted and	PA Academic Standards: Science	electric forces.	Chapter 21		
explained using	3.4.10 C		Worksheets		
•	Distinguish among the principles		Bell Ringer Review		
the concept of	of force and motion.	Essential Knowledge/Skills:	PowerPoint		
energy transfer	Identify the relationship of	Describe the effects of			
and conservation.	electricity and magnetism as two	magnetic forces and magnetic			
	aspects of a single	fields and explain how			
	electromagnetic force.	magnetic poles determine the			
		direction of magnetic force.			
	PA Core Standards:				
	Reading for Science and Technical	Describe Earth's magnetic			
	Subjects, 6-12	field.			
	3.5 Reading Informational Text				
	Students read, understand, and	Explain the behavior of			
	respond to informational text-	ferromagnetic materials in			
	with emphasis on comprehension,	terms of magnetic domains.			
	making connections among ideas				
	and between texts with focus on	Describe how moving electric			
	textual evidence.	charge creates a magnetic field			
		and determine the direction of			
	PA Core Standards: Writing for	the magnetic field based on			
	Science and Technical Subjects, 6-	the type of charge and the			
	12	direction of its motion.			
	3.6 Writing				
	Students write for different	Explain how solenoids and			
	purposes and audiences.	electromagnets are			

Students write clear and focuse	ed constructed and describe
text to convey a well-defined	factors that affect the field
· ·	
perspective and appropriate content.	strength of both
	Describe how electric current
	is generated by
	electromagnetic induction.
	Compare AC and DC
	generators and how they work.
	Summarize how electrical
	energy is produced,
	transmitted, and converted for
	use in the home.
	Vocabulary:
	Magnetic force
	Magnetic pole
	Magnetic field
	Magnetosphere
	Magnetic domain
	Ferromagnetic material
	Electromagnetic force
	Solenoid
	Electromagnet
	Galvanometer
	Electric motor
	Electromagnetic induction
	Generator
	Transformer
	Turbine

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested
	PA Academic and Core	Essential Knowledge,			Time
	Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Review and Final					7 days
Exam					

PA Core Standards:

Reading for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12

3.5 Reading Informational Text

Students read, understand, and respond to informational text-with emphasis on comprehension, making connections among ideas and between texts with focus on textual evidence.

Grades 6-8

CC.3.5.6-8.A.

Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.

CC.3.5.6-8.B.

Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

CC.3.5.6-8.C.

Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

CC.3.5.6-8.D.

Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.

CC.3.5.6-8.E.

Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

CC.3.5.6-8.F.

Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.

CC.3.5.6-8.G.

Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

CC.3.5.6-8.H.

Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.

CC.3.5.6-8.I.

Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

CC.3.5.6-8.J.

By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

PA Core Standards:

Writing for Science and Technical Subjects, 6-12

3.6 Writing

Students write for different purposes and audiences. Students write clear and focused text to convey a well-defined perspective and appropriate content.

Grades 6-8

CC.3.6.6-8.A.

Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.

- Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Establish and maintain a formal style.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

CC.3.6.6-8.B. *

Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

- Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

CC.3.6.6-8.C.

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CC.3.6.6-8.D.

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

CC.3.6.6-8.E.

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

CC.3.6.6-8.F.

Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

CC.3.6.6-8.G.

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

CC.3.6.6-8.H.

Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.

CC.3.6.6-8.J.I.

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

	Append	lix: A	
	IEP Enhand	cements	
General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Science Skills	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: • Adapted in accordance with student's IEP • Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments • Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice • Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 18 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Properties of Matter Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 15 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
States of Matter Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 10 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Atomic Structure Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: • Adapted in accordance with student's IEP • Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments • Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice • Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 12 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
The Periodic Table Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: • Adapted in accordance with student's IEP • Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments • Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice • Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 12 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Chemical Bonds Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 17 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Chemical Reactions Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 17 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Forces and Motion Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: • Adapted in accordance with student's IEP • Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments • Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice • Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 10 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Work, Power, and Machines Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: • Adapted in accordance with student's IEP • Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments • Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice • Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 10 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Energy Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 10 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Thermal Energy and Heat Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
PSSA Review and Testing Window Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 15 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Electricity Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: • Adapted in accordance with student's IEP • Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments • Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice • Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 14 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student

General Topic:	Specially Designed Instruction:	Additional Vocabulary:	Assessments/Suggested Time:
Magnetism Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	 Preferential Seating Directions read aloud Extra time to complete assignments Review vocabulary prior to science lessons Use visual displays such as outlines, webs, and charts to introduce and highlight key ideas. Modified assignments (examples but not limited to: less problems on page, reduction on questions/answers, larger print on typed worksheets) Model use of learning strategies such as verbal rehearsal and previewing key concepts in chapters to help students read, organize, and memorize science content Multi-modality instruction including modeling, explicit instruction, repetition, rephrasing, visual cues, and chunking of material Integrate varied methods and activities, such as visual demonstrations, PowerPoint, videos, and technology simulations into science lessons based on student learning styles. Graphic Organizers K-W-L Strategies Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary Breaking down multi-steps assignments into more manageable steps Extra book sent home 		Assessments: Adapted in accordance with student's IEP Extended time to complete all assignments and assessments Elimination of 1-2 answers for multiple choice Provide Study Guides Suggested Time: 8 days as specified in the curriculum and additional time as needed per individual student
Review and Final Exam Matter can be understood in terms of the types of atoms present and the interactions both between and within atoms.	As listed above		