Algebra I Honors K

Curriculum Guide

Dunmore School District

Dunmore, PA



Algebra I Honors K

Prerequisite:

• Successful completion of Pre-Algebra Honors

Algebra I Honors K is intended to challenge the higher performing student. This course parallels the topics covered in Algebra I, but differs from in Algebra I in depth, breadth and pace, in addition to more focus on application problems. Eighth grade PSSA topics are also be included in this course.

At the culmination of this course, the students will sit for the Keystone Algebra I Exam. After successfully completing this course, students who meet the proper prerequisites will be enrolled in Honors Geometry.

Year-at-a-glance

Subject: Algebra I Heners K	Grade Level: 8	Date Completed: 6/07/2017
Subject: Algebra I Honors K	Grade Level: 8	Date Completed: 6/0//201/

1st Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Standards	
Real Numbers	Worksheets	A1.1.1.1	
		CC.2.1.8.E.1, CC.2.1.8.E.4,	
		CC.2.1.HS.F.1, CC.2.1.HS.F.2	
		A1.1.1.1	
Equations	Algebra 1	A1.1.2.1, CC.2.1.HS.F.3	
	Chapter 1: 1-1, 1-2, 1-3, 1-4, 1-5, 1-6, 1-7, 1-8, 1-9	CC.2.1.HS.F.4, CC.2.1.HS.F.5,	
		CC.2.2.8.B.3, CC.2.2.8.C.1,	
		CC.2.2.8.C.2, CC.2.2.HS.C.3,	
		CC.2.2.HS.D.8, CC.2.2.HS.D.9,	
		CC.2.2.HS.D.10, A1.1.2.1.1,	
		A1.1.2.1.2, A1.1.2.1.3	
Inequalities	Algebra 1	A1.1.3.1, CC.2.1.HS.F.5,	
	Chapter 2:	CC.2.2.HS.D.7, CC.2.2.HS.D.9,	
	2-1, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5, 2-6, 2-7	CC.2.2.HS.D.10, A1.1.3.1.1,	
		A1.1.3.1.2, A1.1.3.1.3	

Торіс	Resources	Standards
Functions	Algebra 1	A1.2.1.1, CC.2.2.8.C.1,
	Chapter 3:	CC.2.2.8.C.2, CC.2.2.HS.C.2,
	3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6	CC.2.2.HS.C.1, CC.2.2.HS.C.3,
		CC.2.4.HS.B.2, A1.2.1.1.1,
		A1.2.1.1.2, A1.2.1.1.3
Linear Functions	Algebra 1	A1.1.2.1, A1.2.2.2, A1.2.2.2,
	Chapter 4:	CC.2.1.HS.F.3, CC.2.1.HS.F.4
	4-1, 4-2, 4-3, 4-4, 4-5, 4-6, 4-7, 4-8, 4-9, 4-10	
Systems of Equations and Inequalities	Algebra 1 Chapter 5: 5-1, 5-2, 5-3,5-4, 5-5, 5-6	CC.2.1.HS.F.5, CC.2.2.HS.D.7, CC.2.2.HS.D.10, A1.1.3.2

3rd Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Standards	
Exponents and Polynomials	Algebra 1	A1.1.1.5, CC.2.2.HS.D.1,	
	Chapter 6:	CC.2.2.HS.D.2, CC.2.2.HS.D.3	
	6-1, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4, 6-5, 6-6		
PSSA Preparation	Perfection Learning	M08.C-G.1.1, M08.C-G.2.1,	
	Common Core Mathematics Standards PSSA	M08.C-G.3.1, M08.D-S.1.1,	
	Workbook	A1.2.3.1, A1.2.3.2, A1.2.3.3,	
	Worksheets	A1.2.2.2, CC.2.4.HS.B.1,	
		CC.2.4.HS.B.3, CC.2.4.HS.B.5,	
		CC.2.4.7.B.3, CC.2.4.HS.B.4,	
		CC.2.2.HS.C.6, CC.2.4.HS.B.7,	
		CC.2.4.8.B.1, CC.2.4.HS.B.2,	
		CC.2.4.HS.B.3, A1.2.3.1.1,	
		A1.2.3.2.1, A1.2.3.2.2,	
		A1.2.3.2.3, A1.2.3.3.1,	
		A1.2.2.2.1	

4th Quarter

Торіс	Resources	Standards	
Factoring Polynomials	Algebra 1	A1.1.1.2, A1.1.1.5,	
	Chapter 7:	CC.2.2.HS.D.5, CC.2.2.HS.D.6	
	7-1, 7-2, 7-3, 7-4, 7-5, 7-6		
	Keystone Finish Line Workbook Algebra 1		
	Keystone Review Packets		
Quadratics	Algebra 1	CC.2.1.HS.F.7, CC.2.1.HS.F.7,	
	Chapter 8:	CC.2.2.HS.D.5	
	8-1, 8-2, 8-3, 8-5, 8-6, 8-7, 8-8		
Review and Final Exam	Text Book		
	Review Packets		

General Topic	Anchor Descriptor	Eligible Content, Essential Knowledge,	Resources & Activities	Assessments	Suggested Time
	PA Core Standards	Skills & Vocabulary			(In Days)
Real Numbers	A1.1.1.1 Represent and/or use	A1.1.1.1.1 Compare and/or	Approved textbook	Teacher prepared	15 days
	numbers in equivalent forms	order any real numbers.		tests, quizzes, etc.	
	(e.g., integers, fractions,	Note: Rational and irrational			
	decimals, percents, square	may be mixed.	Worksheets		
	roots, and exponents).				
		Vocabulary:			
	CC.2.1.8.E.1 Distinguish				
	between rational and irrational	Rational Number			
	numbers using their properties.	Irrational Number			
	CC.2.1.8.E.4 Estimate irrational numbers by comparing them to rational numbers.				
	CC.2.1.HS.F.1 Apply and extend the properties of exponents to solve problems with rational exponents.				
	CC 2.1 US F 2 Apply properties				
	CC.2.1.HS.F.2 Apply properties of rational and irrational				
	numbers to solve real-world or				
	mathematical problems.				
Equations	A1.1.2.1 Write, solve, and/or	A1.1.2.1.1 Write, solve,		Teacher prepared	15 days
	graph linear equations using	and/or apply a linear	Algebra 1	tests, quizzes, etc.	
	various methods.	equation (including problem	Chapter 1: 1-1, 1-2, 1-		
		situations).	3, 1-4, 1-5, 1-6, 1-7, 1-		
	CC.2.1.HS.F.3 Apply		8, 1-9		
	quantitative reasoning to	A1.1.2.1.2 Use and/or	-,		
	quantitative reasoning to			L	<u> </u>

scales in formulas, graphs, and data displays. CC.2.1.HS.F.4 Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems. CC.2.1.HS.F.5 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. CC.2.2.8.B.3 Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of simultaneous linear equations. CC.2.2.8.C.1 Define, evaluate, and compare functions. CC.2.2.8.C.2 Use concepts of functions to model relationships between quantities.	identify an algebraic property to justify any step in an equation-solving process. Note: Linear equations only. A1.1.2.1.3 Interpret solutions to problems in the context of the problem situation. Note: Linear equations only. Vocabulary: • Constant • Expression • Order of Operations • Variable • Evaluate • Solution • Formula • Ratio • Proportion • Unit Rate • Rate • Scale Drawing
functions to model relationships between	 Ratio Proportion Unit Rate
CC.2.2.HS.C.3 Write functions or sequences that model relationships between two quantities.	
CC.2.2.HS.D.8 Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable.	Angles • Scale Factor

	CC.2.2.HS.D.9 Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically.				
Inequalities	A1.1.3.1 Write, solve, and/or graph linear inequalities using various methods.CC.2.1.HS.F.5 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities.CC.2.2.HS.D.7 Create and graph equations or inequalities to describe numbers or relationships.CC.2.2.HS.D.9 Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method.CC.2.2.HS.D.10 Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically.	 A1.1.3.1.1 Write or solve compound inequalities and/or graph their solution sets on a number line (may include absolute value inequalities). A1.1.3.1.2 Identify or graph the solution set to a linear inequality on a number line. A1.1.3.1.3 Interpret solutions to problems in the context of the problem situation. Note: Linear inequalities only. Vocabulary: Inequality Compound Inequality Intersection Union Absolute Value 	Algebra 1 Chapter 2: 2-1, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5, 2-6, 2-7	Teacher prepared tests, quizzes, etc.	15 days

A1.2.1.1 Analyze and/or use	A1.2.1.1.1 Analyze a set of	Algebra 1	Teacher prepared	15 days
patterns or relations.		•	tests, quizzes, etc.	
CC.2.2.8.C.1 Define, evaluate, and compare functions. CC.2.2.8.C.2 Use concepts of functions to model relationships between	pattern algebraically and/or graphically.	3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6		
	A1.2.1.1.2 Determine whether a relation is a function, given a set of points or a graph.			
1	-			
CC.2.2.HS.C.1 Use the concept	<u> </u>			
and notation of functions to interpret and apply them in	pairs, a graph, or a table).			
terms of their context.	Vocabulary:			
	Continuous Graph			
-	•			
-				
	•			
CC.2.2.HS.C.3 Write functions	-			
or sequences that model	Function Rule			
relationships between two	Function Notation			
quantities.	Scatter Plots			
CC.2.4.HS.B.2 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables.	Correlation			
	Positive Correlation			
	•			
	•			
	patterns or relations.CC.2.2.8.C.1 Define, evaluate, and compare functions.CC.2.2.8.C.2 Use concepts of functions to model relationships between quantities.CC.2.2.HS.C.1 Use the concept and notation of functions to interpret and apply them in terms of their context.CC.2.2.HS.C.2 Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the different representations.CC.2.2.HS.C.3 Write functions or sequences that model relationships between two quantities.CC.2.4.HS.B.2 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and	patterns or relations.data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern algebraically and/or graphically.CC.2.2.8.C.2 Use concepts of functions to model relationships between quantities.A1.2.1.1.2 Determine whether a relation is a function, given a set of points or a graph.CC.2.2.HS.C.1 Use the concept and notation of functions to interpret and apply them in terms of their context.A1.2.1.1.3 Identify the domain or range of a relation (may be presented as ordered pairs, a graph, or a table).CC.2.2.HS.C.2 Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the different representations.Vocabulary: Continuous GraphDiscrete GraphRangeFunctionIndependent VariableFunction RuleFunction Nutation Scatter PlotsCorrelationNegative CorrelationNegative Correlation	patterns or relations.data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern angebraically and/or graphically.Chapter 3: 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6CC.2.2.8.C.1 Define, evaluate, and compare functions.A1.2.1.1.2 Determine whether a relation is a function, given a set of points or a graph.A1.2.1.1.2 Determine whether a relation is a function, given a set of points or a graph.CC.2.2.HS.C.1 Use the concept and notation of functions to interpret and apply them in terms of their context.A1.2.1.1.3 Identify the domain or range of a relation (may be presented as ordered pairs, a graph, or a table).CC.2.2.HS.C.2 Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the different representations.Nocabulary: • Continuous Graph • Discrete Graph • Relation • Domain • Function • Independent Variable • Dependent Variable • Function RuleCC.2.4.HS.B.2 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables.Positive Correlation • Negative Correlation • Negative Correlation • Trend Line • Sequence • Term • Common Difference	patterns or relations.data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern algebraically and/or graphically.Chapter 3: 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6tests, quizzes, etc.CC.2.2.8.C.2 Use concepts of functions to model relation sis to model relation ships between quantities.A1.2.1.1.2 Determine whether a relation is a function, given a set of points or a graph.A1.2.1.1.3 Identify the domain or range of a relation (may be presented as ordered pairs, a graph, or a table).A1.2.1.1.3 Identify the domain or range of a relation (may be presented as ordered pairs, a graph, or a table).Vocabulary: • Continuous Graph • Discrete Graph • Relation • Domain • Relation • Domain • Range • Function Nutation • Scatter Plots • Correlation • Negative Correlation • Negative Correlation • Negative Correlation • Trend Line • Sequence • Term • Common DifferenceChapter 3: 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6

Linear Functions	A1.1.2.1 Write, solve, and/or	A1.1.2.1.1 Write, solve,	Algebra 1	Teacher prepared	15 days
	graph linear equations using	and/or apply a linear	Chapter 4:	tests, quizzes, etc.	
	various methods.	equation (including problem	4-1, 4-2, 4-3, 4-4, 4-5,		
		situations)	4-6, 4-7, 4-8, 4-9, 4-10		
	A1.2.2.2 Analyze and/or				
	interpret data on a scatter plot	A1.1.2.1.2 Use and/or identify			
		an algebraic property to			
	A1.2.2.2 Analyze and/or	justify any step in an			
	interpret data on a scatter plot	equation-solving process.			
		Note: Linear equations only.			
	A1.1.2.1.1 Write, solve, and/or				
	apply a linear equation	A1.1.2.1.3 Interpret solutions			
	(including problem situations).	to problems in the context of the problem situation. Note:			
	<u> </u>	Linear equations only			
	CC.2.1.HS.F.3 Apply	Linear equations only			
	quantitative reasoning to	A1.2.1.2.1 Create, interpret,			
	choose and interpret units and	and/or use the equation,			
	scales in formulas, graphs, and	graph, or table of a linear			
	data displays.	function.			
	CC.2.1.HS.F.4 Use units as a way	A1.2.2.1.1 Identify, describe,			
	to understand problems and to	and/or use constant rates of			
	guide the solution of multi-step	change			
	problems.				
	P	A1.2.2.1.2 Apply the concept			
	CC.2.1.HS.F.5 Choose a level of	of linear rate of change			
	accuracy appropriate to	(slope) to solve problems.			
	limitations on measurement				
	when reporting quantities.	A1.2.2.1.3 Write or identify a			
CC.2.2.8.B.3 Analyze and solve	linear equation when given				
	 the graph of the line 				
	linear equations and pairs of	• two points on the line, or			
	simultaneous linear equations.	• the slope and a point on the			
		line.			
		Note: Linear equation may be			

	in point-slope, standard, and/or slope-intercept form.
functions to model relationships between	A1.2.2.1.4 Determine the slope and/or y-intercept represented by a linear equation or graph.
or sequences that model	A1.2.2.2.1 Draw, identify, find, and/or write an equation for a line of best fit for a scatter plot
CC.2.2.HS.D.7 Create and graph equations or inequalities to describe numbers or relationships.	Vocabulary: • Linear Function • Linear Equation • X-Intercept • Y-Intercept
CC.2.2.HS.D.8 Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable.	 Rate of Change Slope Direct Variation Constant of Variation Slope-Intercept Form
CC.2.2.HS.D.9 Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method.	 Point-Slope Form Line of Best Fit Parallel Lines Perpendicular Lines
CC.2.2.HS.D.10 Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically.	 Family of Functions Parent Function Transformation Translation Rotation Reflection

Systems of	A1.1.3.2 Write, solve, and/or	A1.1.2.2.1 Write and/or	Algebra 1	Teacher prepared	15 days
Equations and	graph systems of linear	solve a system of linear	Chapter 5:	tests, quizzes, etc.	
Inequalities	inequalities using various	equations (including	5-1, 5-2, 5-3, 5-4, 5-5,		
	methods.	problem situations) using	5-6		
		graphing, substitution,			
	CC.2.1.HS.F.5 Choose a level of	and/or elimination. Note:			
	accuracy appropriate to	Limit systems to two linear			
	limitations on measurement	equations.			
	when reporting quantities.				
		A1.1.3.2.1 Write and/or			
	CC.2.2.HS.D.7 Create and graph	solve a system of linear			
	equations or inequalities to	inequalities using graphing.			
	describe numbers or	Note: Limit systems to two			
	relationships.	linear inequalities			
	CC.2.2.HS.D.10 Represent,	A1.1.3.2.2 Interpret			
	solve, and interpret	solutions to problems in the			
	equations/inequalities and	context of the problem			
	systems of	situation. Note: Limit			
	equations/inequalities	systems to two linear			
	algebraically and graphically.	inequalities			
		Vocabulary:			
		System of Linear			
		Equation			
		Solution of a System			
		of Linear			
		Equations			
		Consistent System			
		Inconsistent System			
		Independent System			
		Dependent System			
		Linear Inequality			
			1		

		 Solution of a Linear Inequality System of Linear Inequalities Solutions of a System Of Linear Inequalities 			
Exponents and Polynomials	A1.1.1.5 Simplify expressions involving polynomials.CC.2.2.HS.D.1 Interpret the structure of expressions to represent a quantity in terms of its context.CC.2.2.HS.D.2 Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.CC.2.2.HS.D.3 Extend the knowledge of arithmetic operations and apply to polynomials.	A1.1.1.5.1 Add, subtract, and/or multiply polynomial expressions (express answers in simplest form). Note: Nothing larger than a binomial multiplied by a trinomial. Vocabulary: Index Monomial Degree of a Monomial Polynomial Degree of a Polynomial Standard Form of a Polynomial Leading Coefficient Perfect-Square Trinomial Difference of Two Squares	Algebra 1 Chapter 6: 6-1, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4, 6-5, 6-6	Teacher prepared tests, quizzes, etc.	15 days

PSSA Preparation	M08.C-G.1.1 Apply properties	M08.C-G.1.1.1 Identify and	Perfection Learning	Teacher prepared	30 days
	of geometric transformations to	apply properties of	Common Core	tests, quizzes, etc.	
	verify congruence or similarity.	rotations, reflections, and	Mathematics		
		translations. Example: Angle	Standards PSSA		
	M08.C-G.2.1 Solve problems	measures are preserved in	Workbook		
	involving right triangles by	rotations, reflections, and			
	applying the Pythagorean theorem.	translations.	Worksheets		
		M08.C-G.1.1.2 Given two			
	M08.C-G.3.1 Apply volume	congruent figures, describe a			
	formulas of cones, cylinders,	sequence of transformations			
	and spheres.	that exhibits the congruence			
	· ·	between them.			
	M08.D-S.1.1 Analyze and				
	interpret bivariate data	M08.C-G.1.1.3 Describe the			
	displayed in multiple	effect of dilations,			
	representations.	translations, rotations, and			
		reflections on two-			
	A1.2.3.1 Use measures of	dimensional figures using			
	dispersion to describe a set of	coordinates.			
	data.				
		M08.C-G.1.1.4 Given two			
	A1.2.3.2 Use data displays in	similar two-dimensional			
	problem solving settings and/or	figures, describe a sequence			
	to make predictions.	of transformations that			
		exhibits the similarity			
	A1.2.3.3 Apply probability to	between them.			
	practical situations.				
		M08.C-G.2.1.1 Apply the			
	A1.2.2.2 Analyze and/or	converse of the Pythagorean			
	interpret data on a scatter plot.	theorem to show a triangle			
		is a right triangle.			
	CC.2.4.HS.B.1 Summarize,				
	represent, and interpret data	M08.C-G.2.1.2 Apply the			

on a single coun		heorem to	
measurement v			
	lengths in righ	-	
		l mathematical	
CC.2.4.HS.B.3 A	nalyze linear problems in tw	vo and three	
models to make	e interpretations dimensions. (F	igures	
based on the da	ita. provided for p	roblems in	
	three dimensi	ons will be	
CC.2.4.HS.B.5 M	lake inferences consistent wit	h Eligible	
and justify conc	lusions based Content in gra	de 8 and	
on sample surve	eys, below.)		
experiments, an	nd observational		
studies	M08.C-G.2.1.3	B Apply the	
	Pythagorean t	heorem to find	
CC.2.4.7.B.3 Inv	estigate chance the distance b	etween two	
processes and d	levelop, use, points in a coc	ordinate	
and evaluate pr	obability system		
models.			
	M08.C-G.3.1.1	Apply	
CC.2.4.HS.B.4 Re	ecognize and formulas for t	ne volumes of	
evaluate randor	n processes cones, cylinde	rs, and spheres	
underlying stati	stical to solve real-w	vorld and	
experiments.	mathematical	problems.	
	Formulas will	be provided.	
CC.2.4.HS.B.7 A	pply the rules of		
probability to co	ompute M08.D-S.1.1.1	Construct and	
probabilities of	compound interpret scatt	er plots for	
events in a unifo	orm probability bivariate mea	surement data	
model.	to investigate	patterns of	
	association be		
CC.2.2.HS.C.6 In		scribe patterns	
functions in terr		ing, outliers,	
situations they i			
	correlation, lir	ear	

Г			1
CC.2.4.8.B.1 Analyze			
interpret bivariate da	ata association.		
displayed in multiple			
representations.	M08.D-S.1.1.2 For scatter		
	plots that suggest a linear		
CC.2.4.HS.B.2 Summa	arize, association, identify a line of		
represent, and interp			
on two categorical ar			
quantitative variable	-		
CC.2.4.HS.B.3 Analyze	e linear M08.D-S.1.1.3 Use the		
models to make inter			
based on the data.	to solve problems in the		
	context of bivariate		
	measurement data,		
	interpreting the slope and		
	intercept. Example: In a		
	linear model for a biology		
	experiment, interpret a		
	slope of 1.5 cm/hr as		
	•		
	meaning that an additional		
	hour of sunlight each day is		
	associated with an		
	additional 1.5 cm in mature		
	plant height.		
	A1.2.3.1.1 Calculate and/or		
	interpret the range,		
	quartiles, and interquartile		
	range of data.		
	A1.2.3.2.1 Estimate or		
	calculate to make		
	predictions based on a circle,		
	· · · · ·	1 I	1

line, bar graph, measure of
central tendency, or other
representation.
A1.2.3.2.2 Analyze data,
make predictions, and/or
answer questions based on
displayed data (box-and
whisker plots, stem-and-leaf
plots, scatter plots,
measures of central
tendency, or other
representations).
A1.2.3.2.3 Make predictions
using the equations or
graphs of best-fit lines of
scatter plots.
A1.2.3.3.1 Find probabilities
for compound events (e.g.,
find probability of red and
blue, find probability of red
or blue) and represent as a
fraction, decimal, or percent.
A1.2.2.2.1 Draw, identify,
find, and/or write an
equation for a line of best fit
for a scatter plot.

Factoring	A1.1.1.2 Apply number theory	A1.1.1.2.1 Find the Greatest	Algebra 1	Teacher prepared	27 days
Polynomials	concepts to show relationships	Common Factor (GCF)	Chapter 7:	tests, quizzes, etc.	
	between real numbers in	and/or the Least Common	7-1, 7-2, 7-3, 7-4, 7-5,		
	problem-solving settings.	Multiple (LCM) for sets of	7-6		
		monomials.			
	A1.1.1.5 Simplify expressions		Keystone Finish Line		
	involving polynomials.	A1.1.1.5.1 Add, subtract,	Workbook Algebra 1		
		and/or multiply polynomial			
		expressions (express	Keystone Review		
	CC.2.2.HS.D.5 Use polynomial	answers in simplest form).	Packets		
	identities to solve problems.	Note: Nothing larger than a			
	CC.2.2.HS.D.6 Extend the	binomial multiplied by a			
	knowledge of rational functions	trinomial.			
	to rewrite in equivalent forms.				
		A1.1.1.5.2 Factor algebraic			
		expressions, including			
		difference of squares and			
		trinomials.			
		Note: Trinomials are limited			
		to the form ax2 + bx + c			
		where a is equal to 1 after			
		factoring out all monomial			
		factors.			
		A1.1.1.5.3 Simplify/reduce a			
		rational algebraic			
		expression.			
		Vocabulary:			
		Prime Factorization			
		Greatest Common			
		Factor			

Quadratics	CC.2.1.HS.F.7 Apply concepts of	A2.2.1.1.1, A2.2.1.1.2,	Algebra 1	Teacher prepared	3 days
	complex numbers in polynomial	A2.2.1.1.3, A2.2.1.1.4	Chapter 8:	tests, quizzes, etc.	
	identities and quadratic		8-1, 8-2, 8-3, 8-5, 8-6,		
	equations to solve problems.	A2.2.1.1.1, A2.2.1.1.2,	8-7, 8-8		
		A2.2.1.1.3, A2.2.1.1.4			
	CC.2.1.HS.F.7 Apply concepts of				
	complex numbers in polynomial	A1.1.1.5.1, A1.1.1.5.2,			
	identities and quadratic	A1.1.1.5.3, A2.1.2.2.1,			
	equations to solve problems.	A2.1.2.2.2, A2.1.3.1.1,			
		A2.1.3.1.2, A2.1.3.1.3,			
	CC.2.2.HS.D.5 Use polynomial	A2.1.3.1.4			
	identities to solve problems.				
		Vocabulary:			
		Quadratic Function			
		Parabola			
		Vertex			
		Minimum Value			
		Maximum Value			
		Axis of Symmetry			
		Zero of a Function			
		Quadratic Equation			
		• Completing the			
		Square			
Review and Final		Text Book			15 days
Exam		Worksheet Packets			